

LIST of the KINGS OF CAMBODIA

A. FUNAN

First Kaundinya (Huen) Dynasty

- |                          |       |
|--------------------------|-------|
| 1. Liu-ye, queen.....    | C 100 |
| 2. Huen-tien (Kaundinya) | C 130 |
- Came from India, defeated Liu-ye, married her and they ruled together.*

P'an Dynasty

- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3. Hun P'an-h'uang, son | 2nd half of 2nd century |
| 4. P'an-p'an, son       | Early 3rd century       |

Fan Dynasty

Fan is probably part of a Chinese transliteration of the Indian suffix "varman".

- |                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 5. Fan Shih-man | C 205- C 225 |
|-----------------|--------------|
- General of P'an-p'an; chosen king by the people after that king's death.*
- |                        |            |
|------------------------|------------|
| 6. Fan Chin-sheng, son | C 2 years  |
| 7. Fan Chan, usurper   | C 10 years |
- Cousin of Fan Chin-sheng whom he murdered.*
- |                          |          |
|--------------------------|----------|
| 8. Fan Ch'ang, son of #5 | C 1 year |
|--------------------------|----------|
- Cousin of Fan Chan, whom he murdered.*
- |                      |       |
|----------------------|-------|
| 9. Fan Hsun, usurper | C 240 |
|----------------------|-------|
- Murdered his predecessor. He was general of Fan Chan.*
- |                            |       |
|----------------------------|-------|
| 10. Unknown                | C 288 |
| 11. Unknown                | C 310 |
| 12. Chu Chan-t'an, usurper | 357   |
- Indian name probably Chandana.*

Second Kaundinya (Pa-mo) Dynasty

- |                                  |       |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| 13. Chiao Chen-ju (Kaundinya II) | C 420 |
|----------------------------------|-------|
- Usurper from P'an-p'an in Malaya.*
- |  |            |
|--|------------|
| 14. Che-li-t'o-pa-mo (Indian name ? Srindravarman) | C 430 - 40 |
| 15. Unknown  | C 440 - 70 |
| 16. Jayavarman (She-yeh Pa-mo (Kaundinya))         | 470        |
- Capitals @ Na-fu-na & Vyandhapura (mod. Angkor Borei).*
- |                                 |     |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| 17. Rudravarman (Liu-t'e Pa-mo) | 514 |
|---------------------------------|-----|
- A Buddhist. On his death (545), political troubles break out and many feudatory states become independent, among them Chenla.*

B. CHENLA

(Kambuja; founded by one Kambu)

- |                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| 1. Srutavarman, usurper | C 500 |
|-------------------------|-------|
- First semi-historic king of the Kambujas.*
- |                        |       |
|------------------------|-------|
| 2. Sreshthavarman, son | C 515 |
|------------------------|-------|
- Capital at Sreshthapura (mod Badom)*
- |                       |       |
|-----------------------|-------|
| 3. Rudravarman        | C 530 |
| 4. Kambujatajalakshmi | C 545 |
- Female maternal cousin of #2.*
- |                           |       |
|---------------------------|-------|
| 5. Bhavavarman I, usurper | C 550 |
|---------------------------|-------|

*Grandson of Rudravarman of Funan, married #4.*

- |   |       |
|---|-------|
| 6. Mahendravarman (Chitrasena or Sitrasena) | C 600 |
|---|-------|
- Brother. Capital at Bhavapura (Prei Nokor). A great general. [? capital @ Sambhupura (Sambor on the Mekong)?]*
- |                       |       |
|-----------------------|-------|
| 7. Isanavarman I, son | C 611 |
|-----------------------|-------|
- Subdues last territories of Funan. In 627 Funan disappears as a vassal state. Capital @ Isanapura (Sambor of St'ung Sen). Monument: Sambor Prei Kuk (630).*
- |                   |       |
|-------------------|-------|
| 8. Bhavavarman II | 635 ? |
|-------------------|-------|
- Capital at Sambhupura.*
- |                          |       |
|--------------------------|-------|
| 9. Jayavarman I, son (?) | C 650 |
| 10. Jayadevi, widow      | 690 ? |

B-1 LOWER CHENLA

(a) Aninditapura (Lunar Dynasty)

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|--------------------------------|---------|
| 1. Baladitya                   |         |
| 2. Nripatindravarman, grandson | 675 +/- |
| 3. Pushkaraksha, son           | 700 +/- |
- Marries the reigning queen of Sambhupura. Capitals at Sambhupura and Aninditapura (near Ankor?).*

(b) Sambhupura (Solar Dynasty)

- |                          |         |
|--------------------------|---------|
| 4. Sambhuvarman, son     | 725 +/- |
| 5. Rajendravarman I, son | 760 ?   |
| 6. Mahipativarman, son   | 780 ?   |
- Beheaded by the king of Zabaj (Java)*
- |                     |       |
|---------------------|-------|
| 7. Jayavarman I-bis | 780 ? |
|---------------------|-------|

C. THE ANGKOR MONARCHY

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|----------------------------|-------|
| 1. Jayavarman II, usurper. | 802 ? |
|----------------------------|-------|
- Capitals @ Indrapura (Thbong Khmum), Hariharalaya (Lolei near Roluos), Amarendrapura (Ak Yom), Mahendraparvata. Monuments: Ak Yom (810); Temples on Phnom Kulen (C 850).*
- |                        |     |
|------------------------|-----|
| 2. Jayavarman III, son | 850 |
|------------------------|-----|
- A Vishnuite. Capital at Hariharalaya.*
- |                          |     |
|--------------------------|-----|
| 3. Indravarman I, cousin | 877 |
|--------------------------|-----|
- Capital at Hariharalaya. Monuments: Prah Ko (879). Bakong (881).*
- |                      |     |
|----------------------|-----|
| 4. Yasovarman I, son | 889 |
|----------------------|-----|
- Capital at Yasodharapura (the First Angkor). Monuments: Lolei (893), Prah Vihear (893), Phnom Bakheng (900), Phnom Krom (C 910?) and Phnom Bok (C 910?).*
- |                        |     |
|------------------------|-----|
| 5. Harshavarman I, son | 900 |
|------------------------|-----|
- Capital at Yasodharapura. Monument: Prasat Kravan (921).*
- |                            |       |
|----------------------------|-------|
| 6. Isanavarman II, brother | C 922 |
| 7. Jayavarman IV, usurper. | 928   |
- Brother-in-law of Yasovarman I. Capital at Chok Gargyar (Koh Ker). Monuments: Koh Ker Group (931-950), the Rahal (or Reservoir), Prasat Thom, Prasat Banteay Pir Chan (937).*

8. Harshavarman II, son	942	32. Sorijovong, Sorijong or Lambang	1416
9. Rajendravarman II, grandson of #3	944	33. Barom Racha, or Gamkhat Ramadhipati	1425
<i>Mother is queen Mahendradevi. Capital @ Yasodharpura. Monuments: Baksei Chamkrong (947), Eastern Mebon (952), Leak Neang (960), Pre Rup (961), Banteay Srei (967) - started, and phimeanakas (968) - started.</i>		34. Phommo-Soccorach, or Dharmasoka	1429
10. Jayavarman V, son.	968	35. Ponha Yat, or Gam Yat	1432-
<i>Monuments: Banteay Srei (975) - completed, Ta Keo (1000) - started and Phimeanakas (continued).</i>		Amended list of this period (O. W. Wolters)	
11. Udayadityavarman I, maternal nephew	1001	28A. Nippean Bat (Nirvanapada)	1362 ?
12. Jayaviravarman, brother	1002(?) - 1011(?)	<i>Siamese interregnum in Angkor, 1369-75</i>	
13. Suryavarman I, usurper from Ligor	1002	29A. Kalamegha (Huerh-na), at Basan	1371-3
<i>Buddhist. Capital at Prah Khan of Kompong Svai. Later shifted to Angkor, built around central temple of Phimeanakas; The Second Angkor. Monuments: Ta Keo (completed) 1005, Phimeanakas (completed) 1005, North and South Kleangs, Phnom Chisor, Prah Vihear, Vat Phu (in part) and Western Baray.</i>		30A. Kambujadhiraja (Gamkat)	
14. Udayadityavarman II, son	1050	<i>Recovered Angkor, missions to China 1377-83</i>	
<i>Capital at the Second Angkor. Monument: Baphuon (1060).</i>		31A. Dharmasokaraja (Pao-p'i-yeh)	- 1389
15. Harshavarman III, brother	1066	<i>Missions to China 1387 &amp; 1388; died in sack of Angkor</i>	
<i>Monuments: Western Mebon, Phimai (in part).</i>		32A. Ponhea Yat (P'o-p'i-ya)	1389
16. Jayavarman VI, usurper	1080	33A. Narayana Ramadhipati (P'ing-ya) 'Noreay'	1404
<i>Capital at Second Angkor. Monuments: Beng Mealea and Prah Palilay.</i>		34A. Sodaiya or Srey	
17. Dharanindravarman I, brother	1107	<i>At Angkor 1429-43, fled to Ayut'ia</i>	
<i>Capital at Second Angkor. Monuments: Prah Pithu, Chau Say Tevoda and Thommanon.</i>		35A. Dharmarajadhiraja	
18. Suryavarman II, maternal great-nephew	1113	<i>At Phnom Penh, 1444-86; cremated @ Phnom Sonthok</i>	
<i>Monuments: Banteay Samre (embellished), Prah Khan of Kompong Svai (embellished) and ANGKOR VAT (started). (? Harshavarman IV, cousin?) (1150?)</i>		36. Srey Sukonthor, eldest son	1486
19. Dharanindravarman II, cousin of # 18	1150/1	37. Kan, usurper	1512
<i>A Buddhist</i>		38. Ang Chan, son of # 35A	1516
20. Yasovarman II, son	1160	D. RULERS FROM 1566	
21. Tribhuvanadityavarman, usurper	1166	39. Barom Reachea I, son	1566
22. Jayavarman VII, son of # 19	1181	40. Satha (Chettha I), son	1576
<i>Fervent Buddhist. Capital the Third Angkor. Angkor Thom, built around the Bayon. Monuments: Banteay Chhmar, Banteay Kdei, Banteay Prei, Bayon, Drol Ko, Neak Pean, Palace (terraces), and Prah Khan of Angkor (1191), Pra-sat Prei, Srah Srang (terrace), Suor Prat, Ta Nei and Ta Prohm (1186), Ta Prohm Kel and Ta Som.</i>		41. Reamea Chung Prei, usurper	1594
23. Indravarman II, son	C 1219	42. Barom Reachea II, son of # 40	1596
24. Jayavarman VIII, grandson (?)	1243	43. Barom Reachea III, son of # 39	1599
<i>Monument: Mangalartha (known as Temple 487)(1295)</i>		44. Chau Ponhea Nhom, son of # 40	1600
25. (Sr)Indravarman III, son-in-law	1295	45. Barom Reachea IV, son of # 39	1603
<i>Visit of Chou Ta-kuan (1295-1297)</i>		46. Chettha II, son	1618
26. (Sr)Indrajayavarman, a relative	1308	47. Ponhea To, son	1628
27. Jayavarman IX (Paramesvara), a relative	1327-53(?)	48. Ponhea Nu, son of # 46	1630
Begins a period of uncertainty		49. Ang Non I, son of # 45	1640
(? Paramathakemaraja ?)		50. Chan, son of # 46	1642
28. Hou-eul-na	reigning in 1371	51. Batom Reachea, grandson of # 46	1659
29. Samtac Preah Phaya	dies 1404 or 1405	52. Chettha III, son-in-law & nephew	1672
30. Samtac Chao Phaya Phing-ya Nippean Bat	1405	53. Ang Chei, son of # 51	1673
31. Lampong, or Lampang Paramaraja	1409	54. Ang Non, usurper	1674
		55. Chettha IV, son of # 51	1675
		56. Outey I, nephew	1695 (6 mos)
		57. Chettha IV (second reign)	1695
		58. Ang Em, son-in-law	1699
		59. Chettha IV (third reign)	1701
		60. Thommo Reachea, son	1702
		61. Chettha IV (fourth reign)	1703
		62. Thommo Reachea (second reign)	1706
		63. Ang Em (second reign)	1710
		64. Satha II, son	1722
		65. Thommo Reachea (third reign)	1738
		66. Ang Ton, son	1747
		67. Chettha V, nephew, g-son of # 65	1749
		68. Ang Tom (second reign)	1755
		69. Preah Outey II, grandson	1758

- |                                 |      |
|---------------------------------|------|
| 70. Ang Non II, brother of # 68 | 1775 |
| 71. Ang Eng, son of # 68        | 1779 |

Interregnum 1796 - 1806

- |   |              |
|---|--------------|
| 72. Ang Chan II, son                          | 1806         |
| 73. Ang Mey, daughter                         | 1834         |
| 74. Ang Duong, son of # 72                    | 1841 or 1845 |
| 75. Norodom, son                              | 1859         |
| 76. Sisovath, son of # 74                     | 1904         |
| 77. Monivong, son                             | 1927         |
| 78. Norodom Sihanouk, nephew, g-g-son of # 75 | 1941         |
| 79. Norodom Suramarit, father                 | 1955         |

Dies April 1960; # 78 appointed Chief of State